

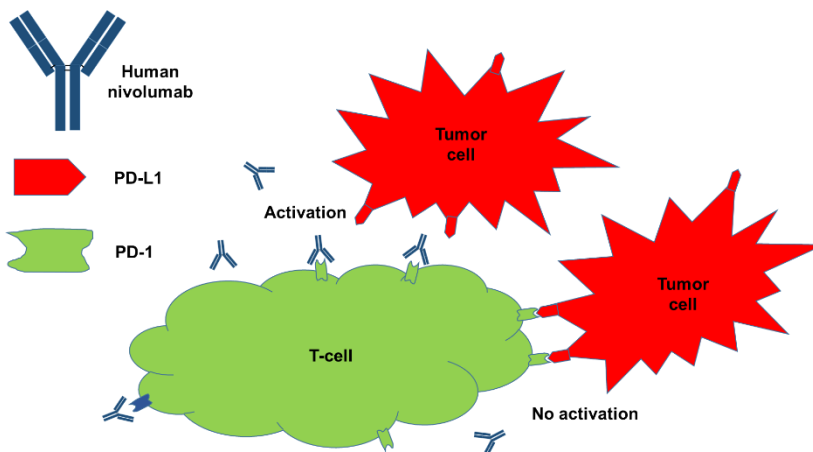
Nivolumab – Fact Sheet

Molecule

Nivolumab, (Opdivo®), is a fully human monoclonal IgG4 antibody. It has a molecular weight of 143.6 kDa and is targeted to the cellular programmed cell death protein -1 (PD-1).

Mode of Action

Programmed cell death ligand 1 or ligand 2 (PD-L1 or PD-L2) is upregulated on 40 – 50 % of melanomas and has limited expression otherwise. Both ligands bind to PD-1, a protein on the surface of activated T-cells. If PD-L1 binds to PD-1, a T-cell becomes inactive and inhibited from attacking a tumor. The inhibitory effect results from promotion of apoptosis in antigen specific T-cells while simultaneously blocking apoptosis in suppressor T-cells. Nivolumab binds to PD-1, thus blocks PD-L1 or PD-L2 from binding to PD-1, and T-cells can again attack tumor cells.



Indication

Opdivo® is indicated, among other cancer types, as a first- or second- line treatment for inoperable or metastatic melanoma. This includes advanced non-small cell lung cancer, metastatic melanoma, advanced renal cell carcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck.

Patent Situation

The owner of the originator product Opdivo®, Bristol-Myers Squibb (BMS) and collaborator Ono Pharmaceuticals filed several patent families around this drug, with expiration dates of up to 2027 in US and 2026 in EU. This includes patents directed to the inhibition to PD-1. BMS is filing lawsuits against competitors marketing antibodies with this target (e.g., MSD).

Market and Competitive Field

Opdivo® was approved as first-in-class PD-1 immune checkpoint inhibitor in the world for its first indication by FDA in 2014 and in EU in 2015. In 2021, BMS had sales for Opdivo® of 6.94 billion €, up from 5.77 billion € in 2020.

		Nivolumab
		Opdivo®
	Clone selection/ comparability	
HPLC	Separation based on size (SE-HPLC)	
	Separation based on hydrophobicity (RP-HPLC)	
	Detection of charge variants (CEX-HPLC)	
Binding	Binding to cell surface expressed target (Flow cytometry)	
	Binding to soluble target (ELISA)	
	Binding to specific antibody or antigen (SPR-BIACORE, ELISA)	If applicable
	Affinity/ kinetic to recombinant target (SPR-BIACORE)	
Effector function	Binding to C1q, ¹CDC surrogate (ELISA)	
	Affinity to recombinant Fc-receptors (SPR-BIACORE)	
	Reporter gene assays, ²ADCC surrogate (Luminescence)	
	¹CDC (Flow cytometry)	n.a.
	²ADCC (DELFI, Fluorescence)	n.a.
	Additional bioassays (Luminescence, fluorescence)	PD-1/PD-L1 blockage bioassay
Gly	Glyco-pattern with Lectin Microarray (45 different lectins)	
	(Pre)clinical application	
Clinics	Pharmacokinetics – PK (ECL, ELISA)	n.a.
	Pharmacodynamics – PD (ECL, ELISA, flow cytometry, bioassay)	n.a.
	Immunogenicity - ³ADAs (ECL, Biacore, ELISA, neutr. assay)	n.a.

¹CDC = Complement Dependent Cytotoxicity
²ADCC = Antibody Dependent Cellular Cytotoxicity
³ADA = Anti-Drug Antibody

	Vela portfolio
	Vela planned
	c.l.d. = cell line dependent
	n.a. = not applicable
	In development

If you are interested in the full version including patent and originator data please contact us: velabd@vela-labs.at